



COLORADO

Department of Transportation

Incorporating Greenhouse Gas Emissions Reductions into Transportation Planning Regional Meetings - February, 2021



Today's Focus

- 1. Overview of Colorado's climate legislation/policy framework
- 2. Proposed rules and policy for transportation sector
- 3. Stakeholder Input



Colorado's Efforts To Address Climate Change

HB-1261

- In 2019, the Colorado General Assembly passed House Bill-1261, the *Climate Action Plan to Reduce Pollution*.
- HB 1261 established the following GHG reduction targets:
 - 26% by 2025, 50% by 2030, and 90% by 2050 from 2005 levels

GHG Roadmap

- Lays out near/long term actions in every sector to meet the established targets
- To ensure that Colorado continues to reduce emissions to meet greenhouse gas targets, reduce local air pollution, and realize the full economic benefits of the transition to a clean energy economy.
- Draft document released in Sept 2020; final in Jan 2021.
- https://energyoffice.colorado.gov/climate-energy/ghg-pollution-reductionroadmap



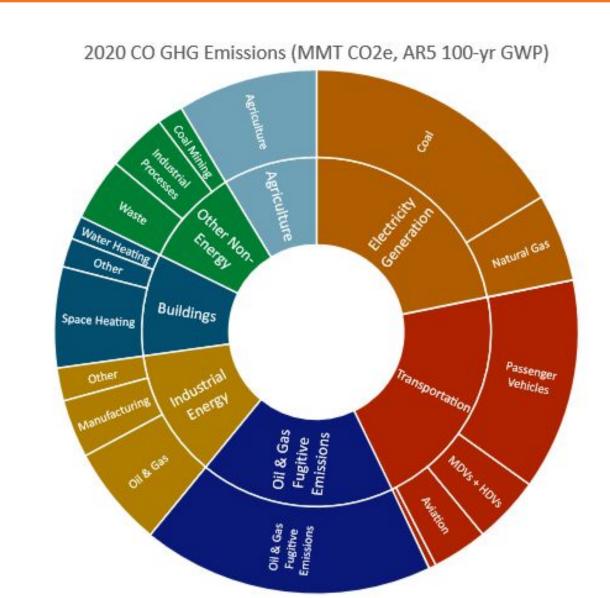
Largest GHG Emissions Sources

2005 Largest Emission Source:

- 1. Electric power
- 2. Transportation
- 3. Oil & Gas
- 4. Buildings

2020 Largest Emissions Sources

- 1. Transportation
- 2. Electric power
- 3. Oil & Gas
- 4. Buildings

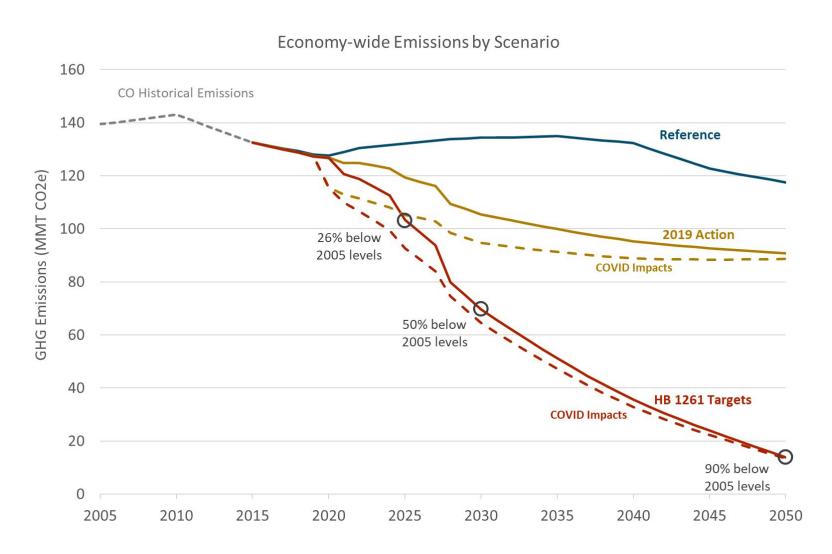




Colorado GHG Pollution Over Time

SIGNIFICANT PROGRESS UNDERWAY & MORE ACTION NECESSARY

- As a result of the state's actions to date, we are on a trajectory to achieving approximately half the level of emission reductions to meet the 2025 and 2030 goals.
- Additional strategies can advance co-benefits such as reducing local air pollution, generating economic growth, advancing environmental justice and equity.





Near-Term Transportation Actions included in the CO GHG Roadmap

Infrastructure (Planning & Projects)

GHG pollution standards for transportation plans [FOCUS of MTG]

- Indirect source standards for some types of new development.
- Trip reduction/TDM requirements and encouraging telecommuting for large employers [Separate process]

Human Factors (Behavior Change)

- Expansion of public transit, including setting the stage for Front Range Rail
- Incentives for land use decisions by local governments that reduce pollution and support greater access to housing near jobs.
- Clean trucking strategy including evaluation of Advanced Clean Truck
 ZEV standards
- New revenue mechanism to fund infrastructure and incentives to transition to low and zero emissions cars, trucks and buses

Mobile Sources (Vehicles)



Regulatory Approach

- The Colorado Air Quality Control Commission (AQCC) is appointed by the governor and authorized by the Colorado General Assembly. The AQCC develops air pollution control policy and regulates pollution sources.
- The AQCC is taking up a series of rulemakings across all sectors to address GHG emissions and implement recommendations in the Roadmap. One of these rulemakings will focus on the transportation sector.
- The Colorado Department of Transportation, and its Governor-appointed Transportation Commission has statutory authority over the transportation planning process. This process is guided by a series of Policy Directives issued by the Transportation Commission.
- The GHG Pollution Standard will therefore include actions by both bodies.



Proposed Transportation Rule & Policy Directive

AQCC Rulemaking

- Integrate GHG pollution standards and analysis in regional and statewide transportation plans: GHG Pollution Standard
- Reduce SOV commuter trips: <u>Large Employer Trip Reduction</u>
- Both included in single rulemaking via the CDPHE/Air Quality Control Commission process
 - May draft; August final

CDOT Policy

 In parallel, CDOT will develop implementation guidance via a policy directive specific to GHG Pollution Standard



GHG Pollution Standard (GPS) Rule Approach

Initial Thinking

- Set a numeric GHG "budget" for transportation plans (statewide and regional).
- Phased implementation with initial focus on state and certain MPO plans.
- Focus on projects that increase capacity
- CDOT guidance will focus on the practicalities of how the policy translates into specific project-based requirements.
- Inclusion of other measures to meet budget.



Planning:
What Projects Do We
Choose to Invest In?

Transportation Guidance and Regulations that Relate to Greenhouse Gas Emissions

- PD-14
- State Planning
- Federal Title 23
 Planning Regulations
- Colorado Administration Goals
- Operations and Maintenance: How do we consider GHGS as we take care of our system?
 - Greening Government
 - Use of an electric powered fleet and maintenance

- 2 Environmental Analysis & Impact: Which solution/alternative do we pick?
 - Federal and State Environmental Regulations

- Project Construction: How do we Consider GHGs During Construction?
 - Anti-idling requirements and enforcement
 - Enforcement of contract requirements relating to materials and equipment
 - Operational decisions (e.g. use of a conveyor belt to reduce dump truck trips)

- Project Design & Contracting: What restrictions and requirements do we ask our contractors to follow?
- Contract and procurement requirements.
- Choice and amount of landscaping (trees, native plants)



Transportation Rule Air Quality Control Commission Rulemaking in 2021

Transportation GHG Pollution Standard

- What are your questions?
- What concerns do you have?
- What challenges do you see as important to address when developing these rules and policies?
- Who else should we reach out to for future regional discussions?





Regional Meetings

- Feb 16 10:30-11:30 (Region 1 Denver Metro Area)
- Feb 16 1-2pm (Region 4 Northeast)
- Feb 18 3-4pm (Region 2 South/SouthEast)
- Feb 19, 9-10am (Region 3 Northwest)
- Feb 22, 1:30-2:30 (Region 5 Southwest)

CDOT Advisory Group

Feb 25 - CDPHE Listening Session

April - another opportunity to hear from Regional Stakeholders

Other ideas?



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